



Annex to Solar Keymark Certificate	Licence Number	SKM 10132.1.1
Supplementary Information	Issued	2025-12-15

Gross Thermal Yield in kWh/collector at mean fluid temperature ϑ_m																
Collector name	Standard Locations				Athens			Davos			Stockholm			Würzburg		
	ϑ_m	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C	25°C	50°C	75°C
CSP 200V		2.600	1.927	1.340	2.015	1.457	986	1.476	1.009	655	1.604	1.094	698			
CSP 200H																
CSP 240V		3.087	2.287	1.590	2.392	1.729	1.170	1.752	1.198	778	1.904	1.299	829			
CSP 240H																
CSP 250V		3.244	2.404	1.671	2.513	1.817	1.230	1.841	1.259	817	2.000	1.365	871			
CSP 250H																
CSP 270V		3.427	2.539	1.765	2.655	1.919	1.299	1.944	1.330	863	2.113	1.442	920			
CSP 270H																
CSP 300V		3.932	2.914	2.026	3.047	2.203	1.490	2.231	1.526	990	2.425	1.655	1.056			
CSP 300H																
Gross Thermal Yield per m ² gross area		1.300	964	670	1.007	728	493	738	505	328	802	547	349			
Annual efficiency, η_a		74%	55%	38%	62%	45%	30%	63%	43%	28%	64%	44%	28%			
Fixed or tracking collector		Fixed (slope = latitude - 15°; rounded to nearest 5°)														
Annual irradiation on collector plane		1765 kWh/m ²			1630 kWh/m ²			1166 kWh/m ²			1244 kWh/m ²					
Mean annual ambient air temperature		18,5°C			3,2°C			7,5°C			9,0°C					
Collector orientation or tracking mode		South, 25°			South, 30°			South, 45°			South, 35°					

The collector is operated at constant temperature ϑ_m (mean of in- and outlet temperatures). The calculation of the annual collector performance is performed with the official Solar Keymark spreadsheet tool Scenocalc Ver. 6.2 (13.01.2022). A detailed description of the calculations is available at <http://www.estif.org/solarkeymarknew/>

Additional Information

Collector heat transfer medium	Water-Glycole
The collector is deemed to be suitable for roof integration	No
The collector was tested successfully under the following conditions:	
Climate class (A+, A, B or C)	A
G (W/m ²) >	1000
ϑ_a (°C) >	20
H_x (MJ/m ²) >	600
Maximum tested positive load	3000 Pa
Maximum tested negative load	3000 Pa
Hail resistance using steel ball (maximum drop height)	2 m

Additional collector attribute(s)

Using external power source(s) for normal operation	No	Active or passive measure(s) for self-protection	No
Co-generating thermal and electrical power	No	Façade collector(s)	No

Energy Labelling Information

Additional Informative Technical Data

	Reference Area, A_{sol} (m ²)	Hydraulic Designation Code	Aperture Area, A_a (m ²)
CSP 200V	2,00	1-H-1234S-A:7.2,24070-C:20.6, 1080-D	1,88
CSP 200H			
CSP 240V	2,37	1-H-1234S-A:7.2,32207-C:20.6, 1300-D	2,25
CSP 240H			
CSP 250V	2,49	1-H-1234S-A:7.2,34215-C:20.6, 1330-D	2,37
CSP 250H			
CSP 270V	2,64	1-H-1234S-A:7.2,34560-C:20.6, 1330-D	2,59
CSP 270H			
CSP 300V	3,02	1-H-1234S-A:7.2,39040-C:20.6, 1470-D	2,88
CSP 300H			

Data required for CDR (EU) No 811/2013 - Reference Area A_{sol}		Data required for CDR (EU) No 812/2013 - Reference Area A_{sol}	
Collector efficiency (η_{col})	64%	Zero-loss efficiency (η_0)	0,80
Remark: Collector efficiency (η_{col}) is defined in CDR (EU) No 811/2013 as collector efficiency of the solar collector at a temperature difference between the solar collector and the surrounding air of 40 K and a global solar irradiance of 1000 W/m ² , expressed in % and rounded to the nearest integer. Deviating from the regulation η_{col} is based on reference area (A_{sol}) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806:2017.		First-order coefficient (a_1)	3,48 W/(m ² K)
		Second-order coefficient (a_2)	0,010 W/(m ² K ²)
		Incidence angle modifier IAM (50°)	0,97
		Remark: The data given in this section are related to collector reference area (A_{sol}) which is aperture area for values according to EN 12975-2 or gross area for ISO 9806. Consistent data sets for either aperture or gross area can be used in calculations like in the regulation 811 and 812 and simulation programs.	